

<u>Case Study name:</u>	Dharavi slums	<u>Section of specification:</u>	Option G - Urban environments	
<u>Location:</u>	<u>City/Region:</u> Mumbai	<u>Country:</u> India	<u>Continent:</u> Asia	
<u>What:</u> Informal settlements in Mumbai		<u>When:</u> 1882 (British colonial era)		
		<u>Causes/Theory:</u> - Urbanization (employment opportunities, higher standard of living) - Slums have a low cost of living - Urban sprawl		
<u>Facts and Figures</u> - Ca. 1 million - 72% India's economy is informal				
<u>Political Effects:</u> Low tax income	<u>Economic Effects:</u> Poverty		<u>Environmental Effects:</u> - Poor sewage and sanitary systems cause pollution	<u>Social Effects:</u> Low quality of life due to (crime, pollution, low income)
<u>Solutions:</u> Formal employment and cheap housing			<u>Possible Exam Question:</u>	