

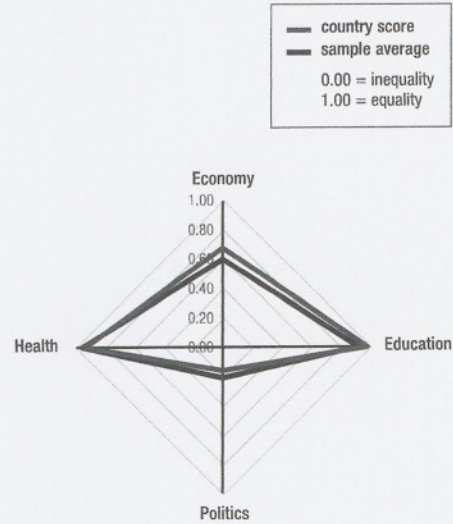
China

Rank (out of 136 countries) **69** Score (0.00 = inequality, 1.00 = equality) **0.691**

Gender Gap Index 2013

Key Demographic and Economic Indicators

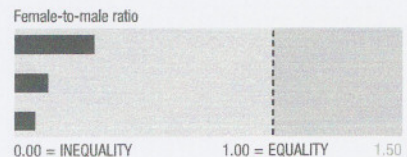
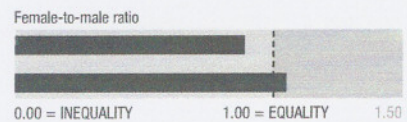
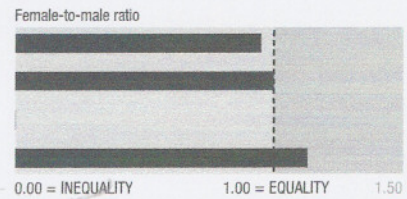
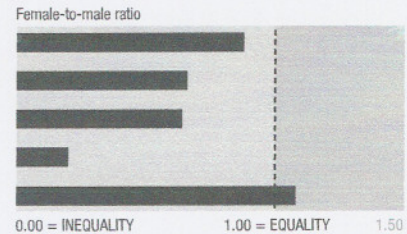
Total population (millions)	1,344.13
Population growth (%)	0.48
Fertility rate (births per woman)	1.66
Overall population sex ratio (male/female)	1.08
GDP (US\$ billions)	3,547.89
GDP (PPP) per capita (constant 2005, international \$)	7,418
Female adult unemployment rate (% of female labour force)	—
Male adult unemployment rate (% of male labour force)	—
Female part-time employment (% of total female employment)	—
Male part-time employment (% of total male employment)	—
Share of women employed in the non-agricultural sector (% of total non-agricultural employment)	39
Female workers in informal employment (% of non-agricultural employment)	36
Male workers in informal employment (% of non-agricultural employment)	30
Women who have an account in a formal financial institution (%)	60
Men who have an account in a formal financial institution (%)	68
Ability of women to rise to positions of enterprise leadership ¹	5
Firms with female top managers (% of firms)	—
Share of women on boards of listed companies (%)	—
Firms with female participation in ownership (% of firms)	—



Rank Score Sample average Female Male Female-to-male ratio

Gender Gap Subindexes

Subindex	Rank	Score	Sample average	Female	Male	Female-to-male ratio
Economic Participation and Opportunity	62	0.675	0.601			
Labour force participation	32	0.88	0.68	75	85	0.88
Wage equality for similar work (survey)	60	0.66	0.64	—	—	0.66
Estimated earned income (PPP US\$)	48	0.64	0.53	7,178	11,144	0.64
Legislators, senior officials and managers	90	0.20	0.26	17	83	0.20
Professional and technical workers	1	1.00	0.64	52	48	1.08
Educational Attainment	81	0.988	0.934			
Literacy rate	90	0.95	0.87	93	97	0.95
Enrolment in primary education	1	1.00	0.92	97	96	1.00
Enrolment in secondary education	—	—	0.60	—	—	—
Enrolment in tertiary education	1	1.00	0.87	28	25	1.13
Health and Survival	133	0.940	0.957			
Sex ratio at birth (female/male)	133	0.89	0.92	—	—	0.89
Healthy life expectancy	73	1.05	1.04	68	65	1.05
Political Empowerment	59	0.160	0.211			
Women in parliament	51	0.31	0.24	23	77	0.31
Women in ministerial positions	85	0.13	0.19	12	88	0.13
Years with female head of state (last 50)	24	0.08	0.20	4	46	0.08



¹ Survey data, responses on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)

China

	OVERALL		ECONOMIC PARTICIPATION		EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT		HEALTH AND SURVIVAL		POLITICAL EMPOWERMENT	
	Rank	Score	Rank	Score	Rank	Score	Rank	Score	Rank	Score
Gender Gap Index 2013 (out of 136 countries)	69	0.691	62	0.675	81	0.988	133	0.940	59	0.160
Gender Gap Index 2012 (out of 135 countries)	69	0.685	58	0.675	85	0.982	132	0.934	58	0.150
Gender Gap Index 2011 (out of 135 countries)	61	0.687	50	0.683	85	0.981	133	0.933	57	0.150
Gender Gap Index 2010 (out of 134 countries)	61	0.688	46	0.693	88	0.981	133	0.929	56	0.150
Gender Gap Index 2009 (out of 134 countries)	60	0.691	38	0.696	87	0.980	130	0.947	60	0.141
Gender Gap Index 2008 (out of 130 countries)	57	0.688	43	0.692	87	0.978	126	0.941	54	0.141
Gender Gap Index 2007 (out of 128 countries)	73	0.664	60	0.648	91	0.957	124	0.941	59	0.111
Gender Gap Index 2006 (out of 115 countries)	63	0.656	53	0.621	78	0.957	114	0.936	52	0.111

Evolution 2006–2013



Additional Data

Education and Technology

Female teachers, primary education (%)	58
Female teachers, secondary education (%)	48
Female teachers, tertiary education (%)	45
Difference between female and male school life expectancy, primary to secondary (years)	0
Difference between female and male school life expectancy, tertiary (years)	0
Female Internet users (%)	—
Male Internet users (%)	—
Women who used a mobile cellular telephone in the last 12 months (%)	—
Men who used a mobile cellular telephone in the last 12 months (%)	—

Marriage and Childbearing

Singulate mean age at marriage for women (years)	23
Early marriage (% women, aged 15–19)	1
Maternal mortality ratio (per 100,000 live births) ²	37 [23–58]
Infant mortality rate (probability of dying between birth and age 1 per 1,000 live births)	13
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 girls aged 15–19)	9
Antenatal care coverage, at least one visit (%)	94
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	96
Contraceptive prevalence, married women (% any method)	85
Existence of legislation permitting abortion to preserve a woman's physical health	Yes
Female HIV prevalence, aged 15–49 (%)	—
Male HIV prevalence, aged 15–49 (%)	—

Social Institutions and Rights

Parental authority in marriage ³	0.00
Parental authority after divorce ³	0.00
Female genital mutilation ³	0.00
Existence of legislation punishing acts of violence against women in case of domestic violence ³	0.25
Existence of legislation prohibiting gender-based discrimination	—
Inheritance rights of daughters ³	0.50
Inheritance rights of widows ³	0.50
Women's access to land ownership ³	0.50
Women's access to credit ³	0.50
Women's access to property other than land ³	0.50
Year women received right to vote	1949
Quota type (single/lower house)	Reserved seats

Childcare Ecosystem

Length of maternity leave	90 days
Maternity leave benefits (% of wages paid in covered period)	100; the social insurance program applies to urban areas and the maternity insurance program covers all employees in urban enterprises, including all state-owned enterprises, regardless of their location
Provider of maternity coverage	Social insurance
Length of paternity leave	—
Paternity leave benefits (% of wages paid in covered period)	—
Daycare options	—

² Bracketed numbers show the range between the uncertainties, estimated to contain the true maternal mortality ratio with a 95% probability

³ Data on a 0-to-1 scale (1 = worst score, 0 = best score)